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MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 5, 1922.

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Part I.—Notifications by Government.

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PUBLIC DEPARTMENT.

EXTENSIONS OF LEAVE.

Fort St. George, November 29, 1922.

No. 317.—The High Commissioner for India has granted Mr. J. F. Bryant, I.C.S., an extension of leave on half average pay for one month from the 2nd December 1922.

Fort St. George, December 1, 1922.

No. 318.—The High Commissioner for India has granted Mr. O. H. Brown, I.C.S., an extension of leave on half average pay for seven months from the 25th January 1923.

REPORT OF ARRIVAL.

Fort St. George, December 5, 1922.

No. 319.—The undermentioned officer, appointed to the Indian Civil Service by open competition in England, reported his arrival in the forenoon of the 5th December 1922:—

Mr. Aiyam Subrahmani Ayyar Panchapakasa Ayyar.

NOTIFICATION.

Fort St. George, November 24, 1922.

No. 320.—The Government of India have decided that Babu Hari Das Bose, particulars of whom are given below, should be debarred from all future services in any department of the State. All heads of departments and officers are requested to see that he does not secure any sort of Government employment under them:—

His name, late Denanath Bose; residence, 35 Haraki Begam street, Calcutta, present address 70-1, Sukeas street, Calcutta; religion, Hinduism; date of birth, 1881 (Christian Era) height, 5 feet 6 inches; personal mark of identification, scar mark on left leg.

R. A. GRAHAM,
Chief Secretary.



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Fort St. George, December 1, 1922.

No. 345.—With reference to notification No. 155, dated 1st April 1887, published under section 16 of the Madras Forest Act V, 1882, on page 276 of Part I of the Fort St. George Gazette, dated 5th April 1887, declaring the Chenai Nair forest to be reserved forest, the Governor in Council hereby directs that the following amended and more accurate description of boundaries of the said forest be substituted for the description contained in the said notification :—

SCHEDULE.

Table with 4 columns: District, Taluk, Name of forest, Boundaries.

North.—Starting from station No. 1 at the north-west corner of the Chenai Nair reserve, which is situated at a point 700 links from the south-west corner of survey No. 1-A, of Kalladikod desam, and having a bearing of 332 degrees to that corner and which is also situated at a point 2,125 links from the north-east corner of the same field to which it has a bearing of 30 degrees, the line runs in an easterly direction along the southern boundary of Makunni Kurappu's forest as per inward angles and distance noted below in the order quoted, till it meets Kongad Nair's forest :—

Table with 9 columns: Station number, Angles, Distances in links, Station number, Angles, Distances in links, Station number, Angles, Distances in links.

* The boundary is intersected by the stream called Pandapatti Puzha between stations 7 and 8, 101 links from station No. 7 on its left bank, 260 links from station 8 on its right bank.

Table with 9 columns: Station number, Angles, Distances in links, Station number, Angles, Distances in links, Station number, Angles, Distances in links.

^ The boundary is intersected by the stream running almost parallel to Pandapatti Puzha between 12 and 13, 174 links from station 12 on its left bank, 30 links from station 13 on its right bank.

Table with 9 columns: Station number, Angles, Distances in links, Station number, Angles, Distances in links, Station number, Angles, Distances in links.

‡ The boundary is intersected by a stream between stations 21 and 22, 43 links from station 21 on its left bank, 70 links from station 22 on its right bank.

Table with 9 columns: Station number, Angles, Distances in links, Station number, Angles, Distances in links, Station number, Angles, Distances in links.

§ The boundary is intersected by a stream between stations 24 and 25, 224 links from station 24 on its left bank, 120 links from station 25 on its right bank.

Table with 9 columns: Station number, Angles, Distances in links, Station number, Angles, Distances in links, Station number, Angles, Distances in links.

|| The boundary is intersected by a stream between 28 and 29, 55 links from station 28 on its left bank, 240 links from station 29 on its right bank.

Table with 9 columns: Station number, Angles, Distances in links, Station number, Angles, Distances in links, Station number, Angles, Distances in links.

¶ The boundary is intersected by the Alappa Shola Puzha between stations 30 and 31, 65 links from station 30 on its left bank, 280 links from station 31 on its right bank.

Table with 9 columns: Station number, Angles, Distances in links, Station number, Angles, Distances in links, Station number, Angles, Distances in links.

** The boundary is intersected by a stream between stations 61 and 69, 59 links from station 68 on its left bank and 40 links from station 69 on its right bank.

Table with 9 columns: Station number, Angles, Distances in links, Station number, Angles, Distances in links, Station number, Angles, Distances in links.

†† The boundary is intersected by the stream called Minpallam Puzha between stations 73 and 74, 72 links from station 73 on its left bank, 130 links from station 74 on its right bank.

Table with 9 columns: Station number, Angles, Distances in links, Station number, Angles, Distances in links, Station number, Angles, Distances in links.



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to station 105 wherefrom Kongad Nair's forest begins. Thence along the southern boundary of Kongad Nair's forest till it meets Palghat Raja's lands as per inward angles and distances noted below :-

Table with columns: Station number, Angles, Distances in links, Station number, Angles, Distances in links, Station number, Angles, Distances in links.

*The boundary is intersected by a stream between stations 118 and 119, 42 links from station 118 on its left bank, 170 links from station No. 119 on its right bank.

Table with columns: Station number, Angles, Distances in links, Station number, Angles, Distances in links, Station number, Angles, Distances in links.

† The boundary is intersected by a stream between stations 133 and 134, 37 links from station 133 on its left bank, 170 links from station 134 on its right bank.

Table with columns: Station number, Angles, Distances in links, Station number, Angles, Distances in links, Station number, Angles, Distances in links.

station 165 wherefrom Palghat Raja's land begins. From this point the boundary runs along Palghat Raja's land as far as station 173, the inward angles and distances from station 168 to 173 being as follows :-

Table with columns: Station number, Angles, Distances in links, Station number, Angles, Distances in links, Station number, Angles, Distances in links.

station 173; thence due north for a distance of 460 links to the left bank of the Karim Puzha; thence the right bank of the Karim Puzha as far as the north-easternmost corner of the reserve.

East.—The boundary line continues along the right bank of Karim Puzha until the river enters survey No. 618 to station 174 on the right bank; thence along the northern and western boundaries of survey No. 618 as far as its south-west corner (station 186); thence along the northern and western boundaries of survey No. 668 as far as the northernmost corner of survey No. 668 crossing Karamkudam Puzha between stations 185 and 186 (214 links from station 185 on its left bank and 360 links from station 186 on its right bank); thence along the western boundary of the latter field as far as the north-east corner of 666; thence along the northern and western boundaries of the last mentioned field to its south-west corner (crossing small streamlets between stations 202 and 203, 203 and 204, 205 and 206 and 208 and 209 as per details below :-

- Stations 202 and 203—200 links from station 202 on its left bank and 346 links from station 203 to its right bank.
Stations 203 and 204—200 links from station 203 on its left bank and 126 links from station 204 to its right bank.
Stations 205 and 206—30 links from station 205 on its left bank and 198 links from station 206 to its right bank.
Stations 208 and 209—10 links from station 208 on its left bank and 226 links from station 209 to its right bank;

thence along the western boundaries of survey Nos. 667, 668 and 669, the northern, western and southern boundaries of survey No. 670 as far as the southernmost angle of that field (station 233); thence a part of the western boundary of survey No. 690 to the western corner of survey No. 690 (station 244) crossing the Siru Puzha between stations 233 and 234 (115 links from station 233 on its left bank and 59 links from station 234 on its right bank).

South.—From the last-mentioned point (station 244), the boundary line runs along the northern, western and southern boundaries of survey No. 692 (station 266) as far as the extreme western angle of Survey No. 693 (crossing water channel between stations 246 and 247, 252 and 253, 253 and 254, and 259 and 260 as per details below :-

- 246 and 247.—230 links from station 246 on its left bank and 50 links from station 247 on its right bank.
252 and 253.—100 links from station 252 on its left bank and 210 links from station 253 on its right bank.
253 and 254.—120 " " 253 " " 109 " " 254 " "
259 and 260.—120 " " 259 " " 138 " " 260 " "

thence along a small portion of the northern boundary of survey No. 695 as far as the north-east angle of Survey No. 694 to station 267, crossing the Vellaitampatti Puzha between stations 266 and 267; (230 links from station 266 on its left bank and 85 links from station 267 on its right bank); thence along the northern, western and southern boundaries of the latter field; thence along the extreme northern boundary of the large undivided field No. 695 (all of Kadukkamkannu desam) as far as the north-western corner of that field, which is also the junction of that No. 26 of Akattettara desam, as far as its junction with Noochippulli desam second part; thence along a part of the northern boundary of survey No. 307, the northern boundary and a part of the western boundary of survey No. 305 as far as the north-eastern corner of survey No. 303; thence along the northern boundaries of survey Nos. 303, 301, 268, 314 and 315 and 332 and 333, respectively, as per details below :-

- Stations 314 and 315.—62 links from station 314 on its left bank and 620 links from station 315 on its right bank.
Stations 332 and 333.—218 links from station 332 on its left bank and 50 links from station 333 on its right bank;

thence along a portion of the western boundary of survey No. 206 to the north-east corner of survey No. 205; along the northern boundary of survey No. 205 as far as the northernmost angle of survey No. 204; thence the western boundary of survey No. 204, the northern boundaries of survey Nos. 202, 201 and 147 to the north west corner of the last-mentioned field; thence along the north-eastern boundary of survey No. 146 as far as the south-east corner of survey No. 115; thence along the eastern boundary of the latter field and the eastern, northern second part (crossing a stream between stations 386 and 387, 392 links from station 386 on its left bank and 81 links from station 387 on its right bank); thence along the northern boundaries of survey Nos. 55 and 49 of Oduvangad desam to the north-west corner of the latter field; thence along the northern boundaries of survey Nos. 112, 110, 109, 108 and 106 of Noochippulli desam first part as far as the north-west corner of the last mentioned field.

West.—Thence the line runs along the eastern boundaries of survey Nos. 104 and 103 as far as the southernmost corner of survey No. 101; thence along the southern boundaries of survey Nos. 101, 98, 97, 96, 95, 94, 93, 91, 90 and 85 as far as the south-east corner of the last-mentioned field; thence along the eastern boundaries of survey Nos. 85 and 84;



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the eastern and northern boundaries of survey No. 79 as far as the north-west corner of survey No. 80; (crossing the Odamalai Puzha and a stream between stations 451 and 451-A and 455 and 456 respectively as per details below:—

Stations 451 and 452—23 links from station 451 on its left bank and 303 links from station 452 on its right bank.
Stations 455 and 456—30 links from station 455 on its left bank and 353 links from station 456 on its right bank
thence along the western boundary of survey No. 80; thence continuing along the northern boundaries of survey Nos. 79, 78, 62, 38, 37, 36, 16, 15, 14, 2 and 1 to the northernmost angle of the lastmentioned field (station 507); crossing undermentioned puzhas and streams:—

Between stations 464 and 465, Paliyampalli Puzha 64 links from station 464 on its left bank and 61 links from station 465 on its right bank.

Between stations 486 and 487 stream, 54 links from station 486 on its left bank and 197 links from station 487 on its right bank.

Between stations 489 and 490 stream, 237 links from station 489 on its left bank and 15 links from station 490 on its right bank.

Between stations 497 and 498 Karim Puzha—195 links from station 497 on its left bank and 67 links from station 498 on its right bank.

Between stations 498 and 499 stream—215 links from station 498 on its left bank and 25 links from station 499 on its right bank.

Between station 506 and 507 two streams—one stream 20 links from station 506 on its left bank and 402 from station 507 on its right bank, another 429 links from station 506 on left bank and right bank touches the station No. 507 (the survey numbers appertain to Noochippulli desam first part). Station 507 is the trijunction point of the Noochippulli desam, Mecheri Nair's forest and Chenat Nair reserved forest; thence in a northerly direction along the eastern boundaries of Mecheri Nair's forest, Polapatta Nair and Mukunni Kurappu's forests with inward angles and distances given below till it meets the starting point:—

Station number.	Angles.	Distances in links.	Station number.	Angles.	Distances in links.	Station number.	Angles.	Distances in links.
507	137° 60'	442	514	211° 10'	250	521	164° 32'	242
508	170° 45'	368	515	136° 12'	263	522	207° 41'	2,818
509	176° 32'	133	516	192° 60'	324	523	180° 20'	3,186
510	203° 15'	200	517	181° 43'	471	524	180° 20'	202
511	147° 19'	297	518	168° 48'	207	525	180° 20'	125
512	161° 30'	375	519	211° 46'	337	526	180° 20'	11,533
513	201° 13'	339	520	163° 41'	156	527	187° 35'	632

List of rights admitted in Chenat Nair reserve in G.O. No. 956, Revenue, dated 1st April 1887.

Serial number and original claimant.	Description of right.	Present holder.	Remarks.
<i>A.—Right to water.</i>			
1. Mundur Vixhake Variath Ramunni Warriar.	Right to take water by means of a channel from an anicut constructed within the reserve boundary with the right to repair the same provided no trees are cut or injured without the previous permission of the proper forest authorities.	Sankara Warriar.	This right is marked No. 1 on the 8 th trace. It is known as the Edupeda channel branching from Odamalai Puzha. It is 5' wide with a bearing of 284° 30' in the direction of its flow and the length within the reserve is 616 links. It quits the reserve at 133 links east of station 449.
2. Kunnath Rama Menon.	Right to an anicut, water channel and tank, constructed within the reserved forest; with liberty to improve and repair the same, provided that he cuts or injures no tree without the previous permission of the proper forest authorities. He may without such permission and of right cut away grass and small shrubs of no value that overhang or otherwise interfere with the safety or usefulness of the above works.	Subrahmani Ayyar.	This right is marked No. 2 on the 8 th trace. The channel which is known as Kovilampatta channel is 4' wide and 950 links in length within the reserve. It starts from a stream west of the Dhoni Puzha with a bearing of 280° and flows in a general south-west direction quitting the reserve at station 322.
3. Ezhuvan Murughan, son of Karuppan.	Right to a dam and water channel situated within the reserve and to repair the same provided that he cuts no tree or valuable shrub without the previous permission of the proper forest authorities.	Vadakkakara Velayudan.	The right is marked No. 3 on the trace. The channel branches from a tributary of Paliyampalli Puzha and quits the reserve 110 links west of station 461. The length of the channel inside the reserve is 169 links. It is 6' wide and the bearing is 259°.
4. Malan, son of Anaparai Pazhaniandi.	To take water from a dam and channel constructed within the reserved forest and to improve and repair the same provided he cuts or injures no tree or valuable shrub within the forest limits, without first obtaining the consent of the forest authorities to his doing so.	Malan	This channel irrigates field No. 257 of Noochippulli desam, and is marked No. 4 on the trace. Its length is 150 links and is 4' wide. It quits the reserve at station 331.
5. Pottakat Sankunni Nayar and his brother Achuthan Nayar.	Right to an anicut and water channel situated within the reserve subject to the condition that the right will be liable to cancellation by the forest authorities if abused or exceeded.	Olappam Mana.	This channel which is 1,513 links in length within the reserve and of an average width of 8' irrigates field No. 62 of Noochippulli desam. The bearing at the starting point is 225° and it quits the reserve 200 links west of station 478. It is marked No. 5 on the 8 th trace.
6. Kormayil Koppa Nayar.	Right to a dam and channel constructed within the reserve and to improve and repair the same and to clear the banks of the channel and dam of any vegetation that may impair their usefulness subject to the same restrictions as Nos. 1 to 4.	Narayanan Nambudiri Puvulli Mana.	The channel runs from the Korma Todu with a bearing of 107°. The length within the reserve is 80 links. The width of channel is 5 feet. It quits the reserve at 100 links south of station 341. It is marked as No. 6 on the 8 th trace.



சுருபன்
சென்னை அரசாங்கம்
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1346

Serial number and original claimant.	Description of right.	Present holder.	Remarks.
<i>A.—Right to water—cont.</i>			
7. Madathil Veetil Chatha Menon.	Right to the use of water which has hitherto supplied his ancient subjects to the condition that the stream is not diverted or the free flow of water interfered with. His claims are admitted to that extent and no more.	Madathil Veetil Sankara Menon.	This right is marked No. 7 on the 8 th trace. It starts from a branch of the Vellaitampatti Puzha and quits the reserve at station 263. The length of the channel is 176 links. It is 4 feet wide.
<i>B.—Public rights of way.</i>			
1.	A public right of way from Dboni through dip betwixt the Thekadam and Kanur Kunna hills down to Myladipara.	..	This path which is 2 miles in length and 10 yards wide after entering the reserve at station No. 312, runs in a generally easterly direction and finally quits the reserve at station No. 258. It is open to men and animals and is marked (P.R.W.1) on the 8 th trace.
2.	A public right of way running north and south betwixt Odimalai and Kallarmala.	..	This path which is open to men and animals is 1,125 yards in length and 10 yards wide. It enters the reserve at station No. 357 and running in a northerly direction finally quits the reserve at station No. 438. It is marked (P.R.W. 2) on the 8 th trace.
3.	A public right of way running south to north through the gap in Adi or Yadimalai.	..	This path which is commonly called "Jeddimalai Vazhi" is 337 yards in length and 10 yards wide. It enters the reserve just on the east side of station No. 402 and running in a northerly direction finally quits the reserve at 100 links west of station No. 420. It is open to men and animals and is marked (P.R.W. 3) on the 8 th trace. It was not admitted at the original settlement. It is admitted now under section 18 of the Madras Forest Act, 1882.
<i>C.—Private rights of way.</i>			
4.	All persons who hold rights to water from dams and water channels have also the right of way to such dams and channels.	..	To a width of 12 feet.
5.	The lands held by Thenkurusti Rama Menon at the time of settlement being surrounded by forest the occupant is entitled to the cart-road leading from the boundary to Myladipara and thence to Palghat in so far as it lies within the forest limits and to the use of a foot-path running almost due south from these lands.	..	This cart-road which is 660 yards in length and 10 yards wide enters the reserve at station No. 246 and running along the boundary in a north-westerly direction ends with station No. 268. It is marked No. 5 in the 8 th trace.
6.	The Palghat Raja and those holding rights under him have the right to pass with or without carts along the south-eastern borders of the forest for a short distance from Myladipara to the Raja's Emur devaswam forests.	..	This path which is 835 yards in length and 10 yards wide first enters the reserve at station No. 227 and running north and then eastwards for a distance of 365 yards quits the reserve at station No. 216 and then re-enters the reserve 250 links north-east of station No. 191 and thence running in a north-easterly direction for a distance of 450 yards finally quits the reserve at station No. 186. It is marked (R.W. 6) in the 8 th trace.
7.	Mukkanni Kuruppu and those holding rights under him have a right of way to pass along a small part of north-western borders of the forests along the Meenpuzha river in order to proceed from Tuppanad to Mukkanni Kuruppu's forests north of the stream.	..	This path is 167 yards in length and 10 yards wide. It is open to men and animals and for dragging timber. It is marked as R. W. 7 in the 8 th trace.



സൂചിപ്പണം
സെക്രട്ടറി ആർക്കൈവ്സ്
മോർട്ട്
തിരുവനന്തപുരം-23

Fort St. George, December 1, 1922.

No. 344.—The Governor in Council hereby notifies, under the provisions of section 24 of the Madras Forest Act, 1882, that the area specified below which was declared to be reserved forest under section 16 of the Act in notification No. 114, dated 3rd March 1902, published on pages 265 and 266 of Part I of the Fort St. George Gazette, dated 11th March 1902, shall cease to be a reserved forest with effect from 16th January 1923:—

SCHEDULE.

Name of the reserve to be disforested.	District.	Taluk.	Village.	Area in acres.	Boundaries.
Chirala forest reserve.	Guntur ..	Bapatla ..	Chirala, Anumilli and Vetapalem.	634	Vide Notification No. 114, dated 3rd March 1902, published on pages 265 and 266 of Part I of the Fort St. George Gazette, dated 11th March 1902.

Brief description and reasons for disafforestation.—The reserve is a sandy waste with scattered scrub jungle of negligible value. It is situated within half a mile of important towns and is close to several hamlets. Some portions are required for the extension of village sites.

Fort St. George, December 2, 1922.

No. 345.—The Governor in Council hereby withdraws from the proposed reservation of the Lavanyakota block in the Parlakimedi maliahs described in the schedule below which was notified under section 4 of the Madras Forest Act, 1882, in notification No. 7, dated 12th February 1911, published at pages 162-163 of Part I of the Fort St. George Gazette, dated 16th February 1911:—